

## Reference 4.1: Regular AR Verbs

### Subject Pronouns

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Person

- |   |    |          |
|---|----|----------|
| • Speaking about yourself (singular)                      | I  | Yo       |
| • Speaking about yourself with a group of people (plural) | We | Nosotros |

#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Person

- |   |                    |          |
|---|--------------------|----------|
| • Speaking directly to a person (singular)        | You                | Tú       |
| • Speaking directly to a group of people (plural) | ▪ You (formal)     | Usted    |
|   | You all            | Vosotros |
|   | ▪ You all (formal) | Ustedes  |

#### 3<sup>rd</sup> Person

- |   |             |                 |
|---|-------------|-----------------|
| • Speaking about someone or something (singular)      | He, She, It | Él, Ella, _____ |
| • Speaking about a group of people or things (plural) | They        | Ellos, Ellas    |

### Conjugating Regular AR Verbs:

- **Step 1:** Choose the Regular AR Verb
- **Step 2:** Drop the AR ending
- **Step 3:** Add the following endings:

#### For Regular AR Verbs:

	SINGULAR		PLURAL	
1 <sup>st</sup> Person	yo	<i>O</i>	nosotros	<i>AMOS</i>
2 <sup>nd</sup> Person	tú	<i>AS</i>	vosotros	<i>ÁIS</i>
3 <sup>rd</sup> Person	él, ella, usted	<i>A</i>	ellos, ellas, ustedes	<i>AN</i>

**Conjugaton:** The suffix endings that you just created now change the meaning of the verb in order to identify who or what is doing the verb.

**Example:** I want to say “I speak”.

1. **Step 1:** “hablar” means: “to speak”
2. **Step 2:** Drop the AR ending: “habl”
3. **Step 3:** The ending for “yo” is “o”
4. The word “hablo” means “I speak”.

**Infinitive:** A verb that is not conjugated is called an infinitive. Infinitives mean “to \_\_\_\_\_” or “\_\_\_\_ing”

- **Example:** The word “dibujar” means “to draw” or “drawing”.
- **Note:** Infinitives are the only form of a verb found in a Spanish-English dictionary.

## Reference 4.1: Regular AR Verbs

### Regular AR Verbs: Vocabulary

1. **actuar** (to act)
2. **ayudar** (to help)
3. **bailar** (to dance)
4. **borrar** (to erase)
5. **buscar** (to search)
6. **cambiar** (to change, to switch)
7. **caminar** (to walk)
8. **cantar** (to sing)
9. **celebrar** (to celebrate)
10. **cenar** (to dine, have dinner)
11. **cocinar** (to cook)
12. **comparar** (to compare)
13. **comprar** (to buy)
14. **desayunar** (to have breakfast)
15. **dibujar** (to draw)
16. **doblar** (to fold)
17. **eliminar** (to eliminate)
18. **empujar** (to push)
19. **enseñar** (to teach)
20. **escuchar** (to listen)
21. **esperar** (to hope, to wait for)
22. **estudiar** (to study)
23. **evitar** (to avoid)
24. **firmar** (to sign)
25. **funcionar** (to function)
26. **grabar** (to record)
27. **gritar** (to yell, to shout)
28. **hablar** (to talk, to speak)
29. **hornear** (to bake)
30. **jurar** (to swear)
31. **lavar** (to wash)
32. **limpiar** (to clean)
33. **llamar** (to call)
34. **llegar** (to arrive)
35. **llenar** (to fill)
36. **llevar** (to wear, to carry)
37. **llorar** (to cry)
38. **lograr** (to achieve)
39. **masticar** (to chew)
40. **mirar** (to look at, to watch)
41. **nadar** (to swim)
42. **navegar** (to navigate)
43. **necesitar** (to need)
44. **notar** (to notice)
45. **odiar** (to hate)
46. **olvidar** (to forget)
47. **pagar** (to pay for)
48. **practicar** (to practice)
49. **preguntar** (to question)
50. **preparar** (to prepare)
51. **presentar** (to introduce, to present)
52. **sacar** (to take out)
53. **saltar** (to jump)
54. **secar** (to dry)
55. **significar** (to mean)
56. **terminar** (to finish)
57. **textear** (to text)
58. **tirar** (to pull, to throw, to throw out)
59. **tocar** (to touch, to play an instrument)
60. **tomar** (to take, to drink)
61. **trabajar** (to work)
62. **usar** (to use)
63. **viajar** (to travel)
64. **visitar** (to visit)